SENATE BILL NO. \_\_\_\_\_ HOUSE BILL NO. \_\_\_\_\_

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §§ 56-256, 56-578, 56-580, 56-581, 56-582, and 56-585 of the 2 Code of Virginia, and to amend the Code of Virginia by adding in Chapter 9.1 of Title 56 3 an article numbered 3, consisting of sections numbered 56-231.53, 56-231.54, and 56-4 231.55, relating to utility consumer services cooperatives; self regulation. 5 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia: 6 1. That §§ 56-256, 56-578, 56-580, 56-581, 56-582, and 56-585 of the Code of Virginia are 7 amended and reenacted and that the Code of Virginia is amended by adding in Chapter 8 9.1 of Title 56 an Article numbered 3, consisting of sections numbered 56-231.53, 56-9 231.54, and 56-231.55, as follows: 10 Article 3. 11 Self Regulation. 12 § 56-231.53. Definitions. 13 As used in this article: 14 "Board" means the board of directors of a cooperative formed under or subject to this 15 Article 1 (§ 56-231.15 et seq.) of this chapter. 16 "Cooperative" means a utility consumer services cooperative formed under or subject to 17 Article 1 (§ 56-231.15 et seq.) of this chapter or a distribution cooperative formed under the 18 former Distribution Cooperatives Act (§ 56-209 et seg.). 19 "Member" means any person that holds any class of membership in a cooperative. "Referendum" means a referendum of the members in accordance with § 56-231.54. 20 21 "Self-regulating cooperative" means a cooperative that has elected self-regulation in 22 accordance with this article.

"Self-regulation" means regulation by the board of a cooperative that has complied with the provisions of this article, rather than by the Commission, with respect to rates, service and other matters described in this article.

§ 56-231.54. Self-regulation.

A. After July 1, 2001, within forty-five days of the adoption by the board of a cooperative of a resolution recommending self-regulation, or within forty-five days of the submission to the cooperative of a petition recommending self-regulation and signed by one percent or more of the members, the cooperative shall publish notice of a referendum for self regulation. The notice of referendum will pose the following question: "Shall the members of [name of cooperative], through the board, regulate the rates and services of the cooperative as set out in Va. Code §§ 56-231.53 - 56-231.55, and terminate the regulation of such rates and services by the State Corporation Commission of Virginia?"

B. The notice will set forth the time and place of an annual or special meeting, in accordance with Article 1 (§ 56-231.15 et seq.) of this chapter and the bylaws of the cooperative, at which the referendum will be held. Notwithstanding any contrary provision in the charter or bylaws of the cooperative, the board may elect to accept mailed ballots on the referendum, and in such case, a mailed ballot will be included with the notice.

C. If two-thirds of the votes cast on a referendum are affirmative, then the referendum shall pass.

D. Within thirty days of the passage of a referendum for self-regulation, the cooperative shall certify to the commission, the adoption of self-regulation by the cooperative.

E. Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation, upon certification of self-regulation, a cooperative shall not be subject to the provisions of §§ 56-6, 56-36 or 56-40, Chapter 3 (§ 56-55 et seq.) of this title, Chapter 4 (§ 56-76 et seq.) of this title, §§ 56-231.34, 56-232, 56-233.1, 56-234, 56-234.2 through 56-234.5, 56-235, 56-235.1 through 56-235.4, 56-236 through 56-240, 56-242 through 56-245, 56-246 through 56-249, 56-249.2 through 56-249.7, and 56-265.

F. Notwithstanding §§ 56-90, 56-231.33, 56-578, 56-580, 56-581 or any other provision of law, the Commission shall not regulate the rates or service of a self-regulating cooperative; provided that each self-regulating cooperative shall remain subject to the provisions of § 56-582. Self-regulating cooperatives shall provide default service to their members in accordance with the provisions of § 56-585.

G. Notwithstanding § 56-231.33 or any other provision of law, the Commission shall not regulate or approve under Chapter 3 (§ 56-55 et seq.) of this title any security or loan of a self-regulating cooperative, and the absence of such regulation or approval shall not render any rate covenant unreasonable or unjust under § 56-231.33.

H. Notwithstanding self-regulation, § 56-231.34:1 and § 56-231.34:2 shall apply to a self-regulating cooperative. For the purposes of applying § 56-231.34:1 and § 56-231.34:2 to a self-regulating cooperative, "regulated utility services" shall mean utility services that were subject to regulation as to rates or service by the Commission, as of January 1, 2001.

I. Notwithstanding anything in this article, a self-regulating cooperative shall continue to be a public service corporation with the rights and duties assigned to public service corporations in §§ 56-2, 56-18, 56-19, 56-41.1, 56-43, 56-46.1, 56-46.2, and 56-49, Chapter 5 (§ 56-88 et seq.) of this title, § 56-236.2, § 56-249.1, Chapter 10.1 (§ 56-265.1 et seq.) and Chapter 10.3 (§ 56-265.14 et seq.) of this title, §§ 56-576, 56-577, 56-578, 56-581 through 56-585, 56-587, 56-588, 56-590, and 56-592.

§ 56-231.55. Resumption of Commission regulation.

A. A cooperative that has elected self-regulation shall publish notice of a referendum for resumption of Commission regulation within forty-five days after the adoption by the board of a cooperative of a resolution recommending resumption of such regulation, or after the submission to the cooperative of a petition recommending resumption of such regulation and signed by one percent or more of the members. The notice of referendum will pose the following question: "Shall the State Corporation Commission regulate the rates and services of

- 1 [name of cooperative] and terminate the regulation of such rates and services by the members2 of the cooperative acting through the board?"
  - B. The notice will set forth the time and place of an annual or special meeting, in accordance with Article 1 (§ 56-231.15 et seq.) of this chapter and the bylaws of the cooperative, at which the referendum will be held. Notwithstanding any contrary provision in the charter or bylaws of the cooperative, the board may elect to accept mailed ballots on the referendum, and in such case, a mailed ballot will be included with the notice.
- 8 <u>C. If two-thirds of the votes cast on a referendum are affirmative, then the referendum</u>9 <u>shall pass.</u>
- D. Within thirty days of the passage of a referendum for resumption of Commission regulation, the cooperative shall certify to the commission the resumption of Commission regulation.
  - E. Within sixty days of certification of the resumption of Commission regulation, a cooperative will file temporary rates, and a rate application, along with such supporting exhibits as shall be necessary for the Commission to resume regulation of the rates and services of the cooperative.
- § 56-256. Powers of corporations generally; rights, powers, privileges and immunities,etc.

Every corporation organized for the purpose of: (1) constructing, maintaining, and operating an electric railway, or works, (2) supplying and distributing electricity for light, heat, or power, (3) producing, distributing, and selling steam, heat, or power, or compressed air, (4) producing, distributing and selling gas made of coal or other materials, (5) furnishing and distributing a water supply to any city or town, or (6) piping cold air outside of its plant, or (7) constructing and maintaining any public viaduct, bridge or conduit, shall, in addition to the powers conferred upon corporations generally, have all the rights, powers, privileges, and immunities, and be subject to all the rules, regulations, restrictions, pains, and penalties prescribed by §§ 56-458, 56-459 to 56-462, 56-466, 56-467 and 56-484, which sections shall

apply to, and as far as practicable, operate upon the corporations mentioned in this section, unless otherwise provided. Notwithstanding the definition of "public utility" contained in § 56-232, any utility consumer services cooperative that has elected self-regulation in accordance with Article 3 (§ 56-231.53 et seq.) of Chapter 9.1 of this title shall have all the rights, powers, privileges, and immunities, and be subject to all the rules, regulations, restrictions, pains, and penalties prescribed by §§ 56-458, 56-459 through 56-462, 56-466, 56-467 and 56-484.

§ 56-578. Nondiscriminatory access to transmission and distribution system.

A. All distributors shall have the obligation to connect any retail customer, including those using distributed generation, located within its service territory to those facilities of the distributor that are used for delivery of retail electric energy, subject to Commission rules and regulations and approved tariff provisions relating to connection of service.

B. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, every distributor shall provide distribution service within its service territory on a basis which is just, reasonable, and not unduly discriminatory to suppliers of electric energy, including distributed generation, as the Commission may determine. The distribution services provided to each supplier of electric energy shall be comparable in quality to those provided by the distribution utility to itself or to any affiliate. The Commission shall establish rates, terms and conditions for distribution service under Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.) of this title except for distribution services provided by a utility consumer services cooperative that has elected self-regulation in accordance with Article 3 (§ 56-231.53 set seq.) of Chapter 9.1 of this title.

C. The Commission shall establish interconnection standards to ensure transmission and distribution safety and reliability, which standards shall not be inconsistent with nationally recognized standards acceptable to the Commission. In adopting standards pursuant to this subsection, the Commission shall seek to prevent barriers to new technology and shall not make compliance unduly burdensome and expensive. The Commission shall determine questions about the ability of specific equipment to meet interconnection standards.

- D. The Commission shall consider developing expedited permitting processes for small generation facilities of fifty megawatts or less. The Commission shall also consider developing a standardized permitting process and interconnection arrangements for those power systems less than 500 kilowatts which have demonstrated approval from a nationally recognized testing laboratory acceptable to the Commission.
- E. Upon the separation and deregulation of the generation function and services of incumbent electric utilities, the Commission shall retain jurisdiction over utilities' electric transmission function and services, to the extent not preempted by federal law. Nothing in this section shall impair the Commission's authority under §§ 56-46.1, 56-46.2, and 56-265.2 with respect to the construction of electric transmission facilities.
- F. If the Commission determines that increases in the capacity of the transmission systems in the Commonwealth, or modifications in how such systems are planned, operated, maintained, used, financed or priced, will promote the efficient development of competition in the sale of electric energy, the Commission may, to the extent not preempted by federal law, require one or more persons having any ownership or control of, or responsibility to operate, all or part of such transmission systems to:
  - 1. Expand the capacity of transmission systems;
- 2. File applications and tariffs with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) which (i) make transmission systems capacity available to retail sellers or buyers of electric energy under terms and conditions described by the Commission and (ii) require owners of generation capacity located in the Commonwealth to bear an appropriate share of the cost of transmission facilities, to the extent such cost is attributable to such generation capacity;
  - 3. Enter into a contract with, or provide information to, a regional transmission entity; or
- 4. Take such other actions as the Commission determines to be necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.
- G. If the Commission determines, after notice and opportunity for hearing, that a person has or will have, as a result of such person's control of electric generating capacity or energy

within a transmission constrained area, market power over the sale of electric generating capacity or energy to retail customers located within the Commonwealth, the Commission may, to the extent not preempted by federal law and to the extent that the Commission determines market power is not adequately mitigated by rules and practices of the applicable regional transmission entity having responsibility for management and control of transmission assets within the Commonwealth, adjust such person's rates for such electric generating capacity or energy, only within such transmission-constrained area and only to the extent necessary to protect retail customers from such market power. Such rates shall remain regulated until the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, determines that the market power has been mitigated.

§ 56-580. Transmission and distribution of electric energy.

- A. The Commission shall continue to regulate pursuant to this title the distribution of retail electric energy to retail customers in the Commonwealth and, to the extent not prohibited by federal law, the transmission of electric energy in the Commonwealth.
- B. The Commission shall continue to regulate, to the extent not prohibited by federal law, the reliability, quality and maintenance by transmitters and distributors of their transmission and retail distribution systems.
- C. The Commission shall develop codes of conduct governing the conduct of incumbent electric utilities and affiliates thereof when any such affiliates provide, or control any entity that provides, generation, distribution, transmission or any services made competitive pursuant to § 56-581.1, to the extent necessary to prevent impairment of competition.
- D. The Commission may permit the construction and operation of electrical generating facilities upon a finding that such generating facility and associated facilities including transmission lines and equipment (i) will have no material adverse effect upon reliability of electric service provided by any regulated public utility and (ii) are not otherwise contrary to the public interest. In review of its petition for a certificate to construct and operate a generating facility described in this subsection, the Commission shall give consideration to the effect of

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the facility and associated facilities, including transmission lines and equipment, on the environment and establish such conditions as may be desirable or necessary to minimize adverse environmental impact as provided in § 56-46.1.

E. Nothing in this section shall impair the distribution service territorial rights of incumbent electric utilities, and incumbent electric utilities shall continue to provide distribution services within their exclusive service territories as established by the Commission. Nothing in this chapter shall impair the Commission's existing authority over the provision of electric distribution services to retail customers in the Commonwealth including, but not limited to, the authority contained in Chapters 10 (§ 56-232 et seg.) and 10.1 (§ 56-265.1 et seg.) of this title. Such authority shall not extend to distribution services provided by a utility consumer services cooperative that has elected self-regulation in accordance with Article 3 (§ 56-231.53 et seg.) of Chapter 9.1 of this title.

F. Nothing in this chapter shall impair the exclusive territorial rights of an electric utility owned or operated by a municipality as of July 1, 1999, nor shall any provision of this chapter apply to any such electric utility unless (i) that municipality elects to have this chapter apply to that utility or (ii) that utility, directly or indirectly, sells, offers to sell or seeks to sell electric energy to any retail customer outside the geographic area that was served by such municipality as of July 1, 1999.

§ 56-581. Regulation of rates subject to Commission's jurisdiction.

A. Subject to the provisions of § 56-582, the Commission shall regulate the rates for the transmission of electric energy, to the extent not prohibited by federal law, and for the distribution of electric energy, subject to the provisions of Article 3 (§ 56-231.53 et seq.) of Chapter 9.1 of this title, to such retail customers on an unbundled basis, but, subject to the provisions of this chapter after the date of customer choice, the Commission no longer shall regulate rates and services for the generation component of retail electric energy sold to retail customers.

- B. Beginning July 1, 1999, and thereafter, no cooperative that was a member of a power supply cooperative on January 1, 1999, shall be obligated to file any rate rider as a consequence of an increase or decrease in the rates, other than fuel costs, of its wholesale supplier, nor must any adjustment be made to such cooperative's rates as a consequence thereof.
- C. Except for the provision of default services under § 56-585 or emergency services in § 56-586, nothing in this chapter shall authorize the Commission to regulate the rates or charges for electric service to the Commonwealth and its municipalities.
  - § 56-582. Rate caps.
- A. The Commission shall establish capped rates, effective January 1, 2001, and expiring on July 1, 2007, for each service territory of every incumbent utility as follows:
- 1. Capped rates shall be established for customers purchasing bundled electric transmission, distribution and generation services from an incumbent electric utility.
- 2. Capped rates for electric generation services, only, shall also be established for the purpose of effecting customer choice for those retail customers authorized under this chapter to purchase generation services from a supplier other than the incumbent utility during this period.
- 3. The capped rates established under this section shall be the rates in effect for each incumbent utility as of the effective date of this chapter, or rates subsequently placed into effect pursuant to a rate application filed by an incumbent electric utility with the Commission prior to January 1, 2001, and subsequently approved by the Commission, and made by an incumbent electric utility that is not currently bound by a rate case settlement adopted by the Commission that extends in its application beyond January 1, 2002. If such rate application is filed, the rates proposed therein shall go into effect on January 1, 2001, but such rates shall be interim in nature and subject to refund until such time as the Commission has completed its investigation of such application. Any amount of the rates found excessive by the Commission shall be subject to refund with interest, as may be ordered by the Commission. The

Commission shall act upon such applications prior to commencement of the period of transition to customer choice. Such rate application and the Commission's approval shall give due consideration, on a forward-looking basis, to the justness and reasonableness of rates to be effective for a period of time ending as late as July 1, 2007. The capped rates established under this section, which include rates, tariffs, electric service contracts, and rate programs (including experimental rates, regardless of whether they otherwise would expire), shall be such rates, tariffs, contracts, and programs of each incumbent electric utility, provided that experimental rates and rate programs may be closed to new customers upon application to the Commission.

B. The Commission may adjust such capped rates in connection with the following: (i) utilities' recovery of fuel costs pursuant to § 56-249.6, (ii) any changes in the taxation by the Commonwealth of incumbent electric utility revenues, (iii) any financial distress of the utility beyond its control, (iv) with respect to cooperatives that were not members of a power supply cooperative on January 1, 1999, and as long as they do not become members, their cost of purchased wholesale power and discounts from capped rates to match the cost of providing distribution services, and (v) with respect to cooperatives that were members of a power supply cooperative on January 1, 1999, their recovery of fuel costs, through the wholesale power cost adjustment clauses of their tariffs pursuant to § 56-226. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 56-249.6, the Commission may authorize tariffs that include incentives designed to encourage an incumbent electric utility to reduce its fuel costs by permitting retention of a portion of cost savings resulting from fuel cost reductions or by other methods determined by the Commission to be fair and reasonable to the utility and its customers.

C. A utility may petition the Commission to terminate the capped rates to all customers any time after January 1, 2004, and such capped rates may be terminated upon the Commission finding of an effectively competitive market for generation services within the service territory of that utility. If the capped rates are continued after January 1, 2004, an incumbent electric utility which is not, as of the effective date of this chapter, bound by a rate

case settlement adopted by the Commission that extends in its application beyond January 1, 2002, may petition the Commission for approval of a one-time change in the nongeneration components of such rates. If the capped rates are continued after January 1, 2004, a self-regulating cooperative, as defined in § 56-231.53, may adopt a one-time change in the nongeneration components of such rates.

D. Until the expiration or termination of capped rates as provided in this section, the incumbent electric utility, consistent with the functional separation plan implemented under § 56-590, shall make electric service available at capped rates established under this section to any customer in the incumbent electric utility's service territory, including any customer that, until the expiration or termination of capped rates, requests such service after a period of utilizing service from another supplier.

E. During the period when capped rates are in effect for an incumbent electric utility, such utility may file with the Commission a plan describing the method used by such utility to assure full funding of its nuclear decommissioning obligation and specifying the amount of the revenues collected under either the capped rates, as provided in this section, or the wires charges, as provided in § 56-583, that are dedicated to funding such nuclear decommissioning obligation under the plan. The Commission shall approve the plan upon a finding that the plan is not contrary to the public interest.

§ 56-585. Default service.

A. The Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for hearing, (i) determine the components of default service and (ii) establish one or more programs making such services available to retail customers requiring them commencing with the date of customer choice for all retail customers established pursuant to § 56-577. For purposes of this chapter, "default service" means service made available under this section to retail customers who (i) do not affirmatively select a supplier, (ii) are unable to obtain service from an alternative supplier, or (iii) have contracted with an alternative supplier who fails to perform.

- B. The Commission shall designate the providers of default service. In doing so, the Commission:
  - 1. Shall take into account the characteristics and qualifications of prospective providers, including cost, experience, safety, reliability, corporate structure, access to electric energy resources necessary to serve customers requiring such services, and other factors deemed necessary to protect the public interest;
  - 2. May, upon a finding that the public interest will be served, designate one or more willing providers to provide one or more components of such services, in one or more regions of the Commonwealth, to one or more classes of customers; and
  - 3. In the absence of a finding under subdivision 2, may require an incumbent electric utility or distribution utility to provide one or more components of such services, or to form an affiliate to do so, in one or more regions of the Commonwealth, at rates which are fairly compensatory to the utility and which reflect any cost of energy prudently procured, including energy procured from the competitive market; however, the Commission may not require an incumbent electric utility or distribution utility, or affiliate thereof, to provide any such services outside the territory in which such utility provides service.
  - C. The Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for hearing, determine the rates, terms and conditions for such services consistent with the provisions of subdivision B 3 and Chapter 10 (§ 56-232 et seq.) of this title and shall establish such requirements for providers and customers as it finds necessary to promote the reliable and economic provision of such services and to prevent the inefficient use of such services. The Commission may use any rate method that promotes the public interest and may establish different rates, terms and conditions for different classes of customers.
  - D. On or before July 1, 2004, and annually thereafter, the Commission shall determine, after notice and opportunity for hearing, whether there is a sufficient degree of competition such that the elimination of default service for particular customers, particular classes of customers or particular geographic areas of the Commonwealth will not be contrary to the

public interest. The Commission shall report its findings and recommendations concerning modification or termination of default service to the General Assembly and to the Legislative Transition Task Force, not later than December 1, 2004, and annually thereafter.

E. A distribution electric cooperative, or one or more affiliates thereof, shall have the obligation and right to be the supplier of default services in its certificated service territory. Such default services, for the purposes of this subsection, shall include the supply of electric energy and all services made competitive pursuant to § 56-581.1. A cooperative's rates for such default services shall be the capped rate for the duration of the capped rate period, and shall be based upon the cooperative's prudently incurred costs, thereafter. If a distribution electric cooperative, or one or more affiliates thereof, elects or seeks to be a default supplier in the service territory of another electric utility, then the Commission shall designate the default supplier for the service territory of that distribution electric cooperative, or any affiliate thereof, pursuant to subsection B.

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